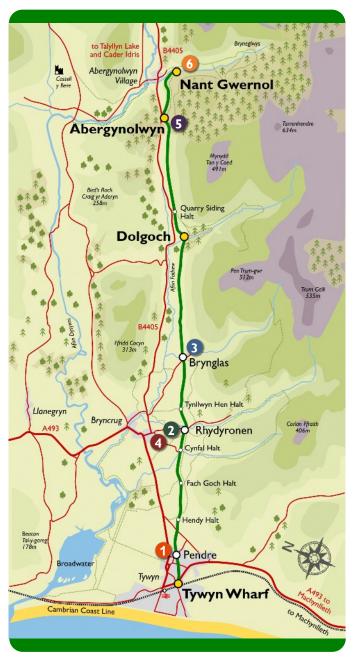
Rheilffordd Talyllyn Railway ROUTE MAP



THE WORLD'S FIRST PRESERVED RAILWAY

Ynysymaengwyn

Around 1815 Joseph Corbett used the proceeds from the sale of his family farm to buy two canal boats. He settled in Delph, in the Black Country, where his wife gave birth to John in 1817. Corbett's boats carried iron from the Leys Ironworks, and it was at the works that John was apprenticed in 1840. He then rejoined the family business and astutely realised that, with the coming of the railways, the canal business would go into decline. So they sold up and John looked around for a new investment. He found it at Stoke Prior, where the ailing British Alkali had found huge deposits of salt. Purchasing the company for £1035 18s 9d, John modernised production and improved his employees' conditions. In 1880 he sold the works for £660,000.

With his vivacious wife Anna, he purchased the Manor of Impney and rebuilt the Manor house, in the French style, at vast expense, but his new wife's allegiance to the Catholic Church led to a rift in their relationship. In 1874 John became Liberal MP for Droitwich, a seat he held for the next 17 years, until his health failed him. Sir Rupert Kettle, a judge and acquaintance of John Corbett, who had had a house built in Tywyn himself, mentioned that Ynysymaengwyn, near Tywyn, was up for sale. The house had a long history traceable from before the 13th C: during the Civil War an heiress of the state married Roger Corbet (only one 't'), a Royalist and descendant of 'le Corbeaus', who came to Britain with William the Conqueror. The family settled at Moreton Corbet in North Shropshire.

During the Second Civil War which started in 1848 Oliver Cromwell and his men quelled a Royalist uprising in South Wales and then marched north to Preston in Lancashire, around the Welsh coast. On reaching Ynysymaengwyn, he was denied accommodation and set fire to the house as a reprisal. It was rebuilt as two separate wings, and in 1758 Ann Corbet started building a mansion to link them. She also built the dovecot, which is virtually all that still remains of this great venture. Some of Ann's successors gradually frittered away their inheritance, and the house was eventually put up for auction and purchased by John Corbett in 1878. Some restoration was undertaken which included the provision of the Lodge. His estranged wife Anna and some of the children then came to live in the house.

John Corbett was a very wealthy man and never refused a request to help the town and contributed to the Market Hall, the School and the Promenade as well as donating the land on which the hospital was eventually built.

The house was used by refugees during the First World War and as a Royal Marine camp during the Second - it was renamed 'Matapan', in honour of a famous marine victory. Mary Corbett gave the house, in a poor state, to Merioneth County Council, who in turn passed it to Tywyn Council in 1948. In very poor condition and with an estimated repair cost of £70,000, it was burnt in an exercise by the local Fire Brigade, and then flattened by the army. The dovecot and a few buildings still remain along with the echo of the beautiful gardens. Look out for the Elephant and Raven motifs on the gateposts as you leave.



01654 710472

enquiries@talyllyn.co.uk | www.talyllyn.co.uk Gorsaf Wharf Station, Tywyn LL36 9EY

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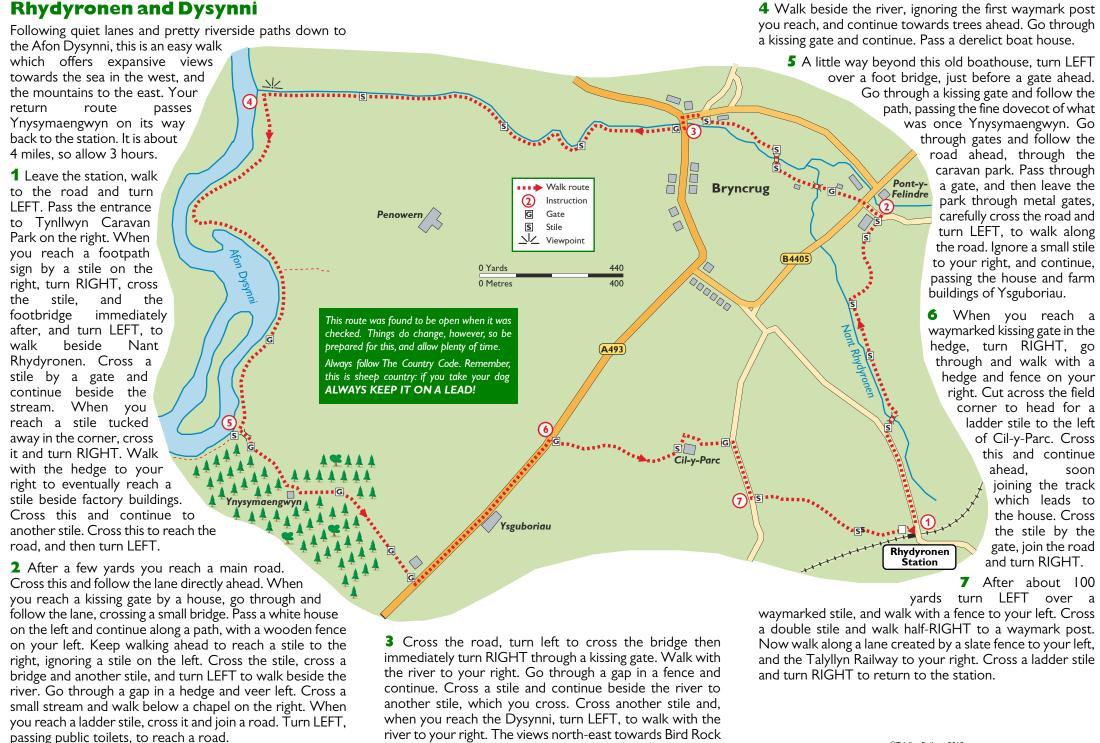


WALKS

2: Rhydyronen & Dysynni Walk



One of a series of six selected walks which start and finish at stations on the Talyllyn Railway



are splendid.